Research

(a) Completed

- (i) Integrating Adaptive Management Strategies in Coping with Climate Variability Impacts on Farming Households in Forest Communities of Nigeria.
- (ii) Level of digital literacy among crop farmers in Oyo state, Nigeria
- (iii) Inclination of young maize farmers to practice climate-smart agriculture in Ogun State, Nigeria.
- (iv) Influence of Hip-Pop Music on Moral Values of Rural Youth in Agboyi Ketu Local Council Development Area of Lagos State, Nigeria.
- (v) Compliance to Rural Water Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) Practices among Households in Nigeria. Rural Household Water Consumption Pattern in Ondo State, Nigeria.
- (vi) Gender Analysis of life Aspiration among Youth in Ogun State.
- (vii) Household Poverty Effects on Life Aspiration of Youth in Kwara State, Nigeria

(b) In Progress

(i) Effects of Conditional Cash Transfer (CCT) on Welfare Status of Beneficiaries in Ondo State, Nigeria.

The government of Nigeria and its development partners have sought to develop social protection instruments as a mechanism to tackle high rates of poverty and vulnerability in the country and to support development progress in both the economic and the social spheres. As such, social protection is emerging as a policy objective, with cash transfers identified at the federal level and to some extent the state level as an important instrument to achieve these goals. The consistent failure of past programmes necessitates an assessment of current attempts to solve the same age-long issue. Therefore, effects of CCT on welfare status of beneficiaries in Ondo state was assessed. Data is being collected on

(ii) welfare status of CCT beneficiaries

Utilization of Wastewaters for Irrigation among Vegetable Producers in Ondo State, Nigeria

The gap between the supply and demand for water is reaching alarming levels and posing a threat to human existence in some parts of the world. In Nigeria problem of insufficient water and lack of good irrigation system has limited most arable crop farmers, especially vegetable farmers to cultivate only during rainy season thereby subjecting most vegetable farmers to diversification. This has contributed to the reasons vegetables take different colours, expensive and sometimes inavailable during dry season. However, some farmers depend on wastewater for irrigation. Thus utilization of wastewater for irrigation among vegetable farmers was investigated. Data collection is ongoing on utilization of wastewaters for irrigation among vegetable farmers in Ondo state.

(c) **Project, Dissertation and Thesis**

(i) Educational Compensatory Activities of Shell Petroleum Development Company (SPDC) in Delta State. A B.Tech Project in the Department of Agricultural Economics and Extension, Ladoke Akintola University of Technology, Ogbomoso. 2004

(ii)

Information Seeking Behaviour and Use of Information Communication Technologies among Fish Farmers in Oyo State. An M.Sc. Project submitted to the Department of Agricultural Extension and (iii) Rural Development, University of Ibadan, Nigeria. 2008

Effects of National Directorate of Employment's Activities on Youth Poverty in Southwestern Nigeria. A Ph.D Thesis in the Department of Agricultural Extension and Rural Development, University of Ibadan, Nigeria. 2017